

"Every postmaster shall render to the Postmaster General, in such form and at such times as the latter shall prescribe, accounts of all moneys received or charged by him or at his office, for postage, rent of boxes or other receptacles for mail matter, or by reason of keeping a branch office, or for the delivery of mail matter in any manner whatever or for the performance of any other function connected with his office."

Certification.

(b) Section 3844 of the Revised Statutes (39 U. S. C. 43) is hereby amended to read as follows:

"The Postmaster General may require a certification to accompany each account of a postmaster, to the effect that such account contains a true statement of the entire amount of postage, box rents, charges, and moneys collected or received at his office during the accounting period; that he has not knowingly delivered, or permitted to be delivered, any mail matter on which the postage was not at the time paid, that such account exhibits truly and faithfully the entire receipts collected at his office, and which, by due diligence, could have been collected; and that the credits he claims are just and right."

False return.
Withholding of compensation.

(c) That part of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-nine, and for other purposes", approved June 17, 1878 (20 Stat. 140), as amended by the Act entitled "An Act to enable the Postmaster General to withhold commissions on false returns made by postmasters", approved June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 989; 39 U. S. C. 45), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"In any case where the Postmaster General shall be satisfied that a postmaster has made a false return of business, it shall be within the discretion of the Postmaster General to withhold compensation on such returns and to allow any compensation that under the circumstances he may deem reasonable or proper. The form of certification to be made by postmasters upon their returns shall be such as may be prescribed by the Postmaster General."

Approved August 14, 1951.

Public Law 113

CHAPTER 317

JOINT RESOLUTION

August 16, 1951
[H. J. Res. 311]

Making a supplemental appropriation for the Department of Labor for the fiscal year 1952.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1952, the following sum:

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

BUREAU OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY

For necessary expenses to enable the Secretary of Labor to discharge his responsibilities under the provisions of the Act of July 12, 1951 (Public Law 78), \$950,000, of which \$750,000 shall be for the establishment of a working capital fund, such fund to be used for the payment of those expenses for which employers are liable under agreements entered into pursuant to section 502 of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as amended by the Act of July 12, 1951, and such fund to be reimbursed from payments made to the United States by employers pursuant to

Ante, p. 119.

Ante, p. 119.

such agreements: *Provided*, That expenditures from this appropriation shall be charged to the applicable appropriations when enacted into law: *Provided*, That in carrying out the provisions of title V of the Agricultural Act of 1949, as added by the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Agricultural Act of 1949", approved July 12, 1951 (Public Law 78, Eighty-second Congress), the Secretary of Labor is authorized, without regard to the civil-service laws or the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, to appoint Mexican nationals for temporary employment in Mexico for a period of not to exceed one hundred and twenty days.

63 Stat. 954.
5 U. S. C. § 1071
note.

Approved August 16, 1951.

Public Law 114

CHAPTER 321

AN ACT

To provide for the expeditious naturalization of former citizens of the United States who have lost United States citizenship through voting in a political election or in a plebiscite held in Italy.

August 16, 1951
[H. R. 400]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a person who, while a citizen of the United States, has lost citizenship of the United States solely by reason of having voted in a political election or plebiscite held in Italy on June 2, 1946, or on April 18, 1948, and who has not subsequent to such voting committed any act which, had he remained a citizen, would have operated to expatriate him, may be naturalized by taking, prior to two years from the enactment of this Act, before any naturalization court specified in subsection (a) of section 301 of the Nationality Act of 1940, as amended, or before any diplomatic or consular officer of the United States abroad, the oaths prescribed by section 335 of the Nationality Act of 1940, as amended. Certified copies of such oaths shall be sent by such diplomatic or consular officer or such court to the Department of State and to the Department of Justice. Such persons shall have, from and after naturalization under this section, the same citizenship status as that which existed immediately prior to its loss: *Provided*, That no such person shall be eligible to take the oaths prescribed by section 335 of the Nationality Act of 1940, as amended, unless he shall first take an oath before any naturalization court specified in subsection (a) of section 301 of the Nationality Act of 1940, as amended, or before any diplomatic or consular officer of the United States abroad, that he has done nothing to promote the cause of communism. The illegal or fraudulent procurement of naturalization under this amendment shall be subject to cancellation in the same manner as provided in section 338 of the Nationality Act of 1940, as amended.

Naturalization of
certain former U. S.
citizens.

54 Stat. 1140.
8 U. S. C. § 701.

8 U. S. C. § 735.

8 U. S. C. § 738.

8 U. S. C. § 723.

SEC. 2. The Act of August 7, 1946 (Public Law 614; 60 Stat. 866), is hereby repealed.

Approved August 16, 1951.

Public Law 115

CHAPTER 326

AN ACT

To authorize the sale of the Chicago Appraisers' Stores Building to the city of Chicago.

August 17, 1951
[H. R. 3049]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Admin-

Chicago, Ill.
Conveyance.